



1
00:00:05,349 --> 00:00:03,590
hi robert perlman with collectspace.com

2
00:00:08,549 --> 00:00:05,359
with a question for commander steve

3
00:00:10,709 --> 00:00:08,559
lindsey and his uh discovery crewmates

4
00:00:12,950 --> 00:00:10,719
outside of times when the media like

5
00:00:14,150 --> 00:00:12,960
myself ask about this being discovery's

6
00:00:16,150 --> 00:00:14,160
last mission

7
00:00:17,670 --> 00:00:16,160
how prevalent has the finality of this

8
00:00:19,670 --> 00:00:17,680
flight been during the course of your

9
00:00:21,510 --> 00:00:19,680
mission have there been specific times

10
00:00:24,550 --> 00:00:21,520
where the legacy and history of the

11
00:00:26,230 --> 00:00:24,560
vehicle has struck you

12
00:00:28,230 --> 00:00:26,240
well that's a that's a difficult

13
00:00:30,070 --> 00:00:28,240

question um

14

00:00:31,990 --> 00:00:30,080

we've been very busy during our mission

15

00:00:33,990 --> 00:00:32,000

as all shuttle missions are in space

16

00:00:36,310 --> 00:00:34,000

station missions and so mostly we've

17

00:00:39,350 --> 00:00:36,320

been probably spent spending 95 percent

18

00:00:41,430 --> 00:00:39,360

of our time to 99 on just doing the work

19

00:00:42,790 --> 00:00:41,440

and uh and getting the work done and and

20

00:00:44,310 --> 00:00:42,800

so when you're really busy like that

21

00:00:46,310 --> 00:00:44,320

you're focusing on doing the task doing

22

00:00:48,069 --> 00:00:46,320

the task correctly making sure you uh

23

00:00:50,470 --> 00:00:48,079

you get everything done how it's

24

00:00:51,990 --> 00:00:50,480

supposed to done and don't miss anything

25

00:00:53,510 --> 00:00:52,000

however there are times i know

26

00:00:55,670 --> 00:00:53,520

personally when i've been reflecting

27

00:00:57,990 --> 00:00:55,680

about it being the last mission and what

28

00:00:59,510 --> 00:00:58,000

a wonderful vehicle it is and probably

29

00:01:01,670 --> 00:00:59,520

you know we were coming up and docking

30

00:01:03,349 --> 00:01:01,680

and when you look at the cupola windows

31

00:01:05,270 --> 00:01:03,359

you can look right into discovery's

32

00:01:07,190 --> 00:01:05,280

payload bay and see the wings and see

33

00:01:09,429 --> 00:01:07,200

discovery written on the wings and times

34

00:01:11,429 --> 00:01:09,439

like that i really reflect about

35

00:01:14,390 --> 00:01:11,439

what a great vehicle it's been 39

36

00:01:16,950 --> 00:01:14,400

missions uh nearly one year on orbit and

37

00:01:19,350 --> 00:01:16,960

uh think about all the things that that

38

00:01:21,190 --> 00:01:19,360

vehicle has done and and uh it's just

39

00:01:23,749 --> 00:01:21,200

really inspiring to me and uh and kind

40

00:01:26,070 --> 00:01:23,759

of bittersweet um and and quite frankly

41

00:01:29,670 --> 00:01:26,080

sad that that knowing that when we land

42

00:01:35,350 --> 00:01:32,069

thank you and and to follow up on that

43

00:01:36,870 --> 00:01:35,360

a question for steve bowen and al drew

44

00:01:39,190 --> 00:01:36,880

they say a picture is worth a thousand

45

00:01:41,270 --> 00:01:39,200

words and through your helmet cam we got

46

00:01:43,190 --> 00:01:41,280

to see uh when you took a glance at

47

00:01:46,550 --> 00:01:43,200

discovery uh docked to the station

48

00:01:48,630 --> 00:01:46,560

during your spacewalks um would you one

49

00:01:52,069 --> 00:01:48,640

or both of you describe what it was like

50

00:01:53,990 --> 00:01:52,079

uh to see discovery there and uh and

51

00:02:01,749 --> 00:01:54,000

reflect on its

52

00:02:05,350 --> 00:02:03,749

a lot of us capture repeated what steve

53

00:02:06,630 --> 00:02:05,360

had from the cupola just to have

54

00:02:08,949 --> 00:02:06,640

discovery right there and filling our

55

00:02:11,110 --> 00:02:08,959

entire visor up close and personal you

56

00:02:13,830 --> 00:02:11,120

realize it's just a magnificent ship

57

00:02:16,390 --> 00:02:13,840

it's huge it's complex just a wonderful

58

00:02:17,350 --> 00:02:16,400

completely capable vehicle and uh to be

59

00:02:19,270 --> 00:02:17,360

out there

60

00:02:20,949 --> 00:02:19,280

working on and around near is just a

61

00:02:23,670 --> 00:02:20,959

privilege to be part of the legacy of

62

00:02:28,790 --> 00:02:23,680

discovery is just a i guess it just

63

00:02:31,910 --> 00:02:30,229

this is gerhard daumer the german

64

00:02:34,470 --> 00:02:31,920

aerospace center and space expo

65

00:02:36,150 --> 00:02:34,480

association question for el drew what

66

00:02:44,869 --> 00:02:36,160

was the most difficult and the most

67

00:02:48,949 --> 00:02:46,949

that's easy they were both the same

68

00:02:50,470 --> 00:02:48,959

when i first exited the airlock on my

69

00:02:51,910 --> 00:02:50,480

first eva

70

00:02:53,430 --> 00:02:51,920

we were over top the jungles that looked

71

00:02:55,350 --> 00:02:53,440

like it was maybe south america the

72

00:02:57,190 --> 00:02:55,360

amazon basin somewhere

73

00:02:59,350 --> 00:02:57,200

just beautiful the clouds the river

74

00:03:01,270 --> 00:02:59,360

valleys down there all the greenery and

75

00:03:02,630 --> 00:03:01,280

i had to remind myself that i had work

76

00:03:03,670 --> 00:03:02,640

to do and i couldn't just take in the

77

00:03:05,270 --> 00:03:03,680

scenery

78

00:03:06,869 --> 00:03:05,280

so it's exciting and it was difficult to

79

00:03:08,630 --> 00:03:06,879

tear my eyes away from that and actually

80

00:03:11,430 --> 00:03:08,640

focus on getting things ready for our

81

00:03:15,990 --> 00:03:14,070

question for paolo you accomplished

82

00:03:17,910 --> 00:03:16,000

about half of your long duration mission

83

00:03:19,910 --> 00:03:17,920

what was your most challenging task and

84

00:03:22,309 --> 00:03:19,920

did you have any surprises and what was

85

00:03:24,550 --> 00:03:22,319

your most exciting moment so far

86

00:03:26,789 --> 00:03:24,560

well it's been a pleasure so far here

87

00:03:28,630 --> 00:03:26,799

we've been spent uh yeah two months uh

88

00:03:32,149 --> 00:03:28,640

expedition 26

89

00:03:34,309 --> 00:03:32,159

and uh i think the most challenging

90

00:03:36,710 --> 00:03:34,319

time here is not there is not really a

91

00:03:38,390 --> 00:03:36,720

time i mean the challenge is when i look

92

00:03:40,070 --> 00:03:38,400

at a procedure for the first time it

93

00:03:42,070 --> 00:03:40,080

looks very complex and i try to

94

00:03:44,149 --> 00:03:42,080

understand and interpret it try to do it

95

00:03:45,830 --> 00:03:44,159

without making mistakes and sometimes i

96

00:03:48,550 --> 00:03:45,840

do

97

00:03:52,710 --> 00:03:48,560

so i think those are the for me are the

98

00:03:54,470 --> 00:03:52,720

most challenging times but uh as usual

99

00:03:57,270 --> 00:03:54,480

with the familiarity we're repeating

100

00:03:59,830 --> 00:03:57,280

things things get familiar and we get to

101
00:04:01,110 --> 00:03:59,840
do it with no problems and of course we

102
00:04:03,110 --> 00:04:01,120
always have the

103
00:04:08,869 --> 00:04:03,120
ground control mission control helping

104
00:04:13,190 --> 00:04:10,710
this is jill tulk representing the

105
00:04:15,350 --> 00:04:13,200
cohasset mariner in massachusetts a

106
00:04:17,590 --> 00:04:15,360
question for the east coast steve

107
00:04:19,430 --> 00:04:17,600
what has been the most challenging part

108
00:04:26,230 --> 00:04:19,440
and the most rewarding part of your

109
00:04:30,230 --> 00:04:28,310
i think the most challenging part was uh

110
00:04:32,070 --> 00:04:30,240
trying to get up to speed to understand

111
00:04:34,070 --> 00:04:32,080
the evas and then

112
00:04:35,670 --> 00:04:34,080
uh even more so trying to get them to

113
00:04:37,350 --> 00:04:35,680

speed with everything else that goes on

114

00:04:39,030 --> 00:04:37,360

on a shuttle flight and where my tasks

115

00:04:40,710 --> 00:04:39,040

would be and what they were and how

116

00:04:42,629 --> 00:04:40,720

familiar i was with them and how much

117

00:04:44,950 --> 00:04:42,639

more training i had to have so

118

00:04:45,990 --> 00:04:44,960

that was uh clearly the most difficult

119

00:04:47,590 --> 00:04:46,000

part of it

120

00:04:49,430 --> 00:04:47,600

uh

121

00:04:52,070 --> 00:04:49,440

the the best part really was you know

122

00:04:54,230 --> 00:04:52,080

getting to work with the croods uh

123

00:04:56,870 --> 00:04:54,240

four of my classmates from

124

00:04:59,350 --> 00:04:56,880

2000 and uh commander steve lindsey and

125

00:05:00,790 --> 00:04:59,360

that's been great uh great crew just

126

00:05:02,469 --> 00:05:00,800

having the ability to spend time with

127

00:05:04,790 --> 00:05:02,479

them it's been fantastic and then

128

00:05:08,870 --> 00:05:04,800

getting up here with the iss crew it's

129

00:05:13,830 --> 00:05:11,189

thanks for the good word stevo now a

130

00:05:16,870 --> 00:05:13,840

question for the west coast steve and

131

00:05:18,870 --> 00:05:16,880

for eric bowe what good bowen anecdote

132

00:05:22,870 --> 00:05:18,880

from this week could you share with

133

00:05:27,670 --> 00:05:25,430

i i i think the favorite uh our favorite

134

00:05:29,909 --> 00:05:27,680

uh steve bowen story for uh for this

135

00:05:33,350 --> 00:05:29,919

mission so far was uh i'm sure there are

136

00:05:35,510 --> 00:05:33,360

more to come um was uh when uh when

137

00:05:38,550 --> 00:05:35,520

steve was taking the pump module off of

138

00:05:41,590 --> 00:05:38,560

uh off of a a transporter on the on the

139

00:05:43,510 --> 00:05:41,600

truss segment uh eva and mike barrett

140

00:05:46,150 --> 00:05:43,520

and scott kelly were driving him on the

141

00:05:48,390 --> 00:05:46,160

robotic arm um about the time they

142

00:05:49,510 --> 00:05:48,400

released that pump module um which about

143

00:05:51,990 --> 00:05:49,520

a uh

144

00:05:53,590 --> 00:05:52,000

several hundred pounds for steve to uh

145

00:05:55,990 --> 00:05:53,600

to take in his arm so they could fly him

146

00:05:58,150 --> 00:05:56,000

over to where it belonged um the the

147

00:06:00,870 --> 00:05:58,160

entire uh space station robotic arm

148

00:06:03,670 --> 00:06:00,880

crashed and uh which means he was stuck

149

00:06:05,590 --> 00:06:03,680

there holding this uh payload for

150

00:06:07,749 --> 00:06:05,600

not for for what seemed like a really

151

00:06:10,150 --> 00:06:07,759

long time for him but actually uh the

152

00:06:12,070 --> 00:06:10,160

crew did a great job reconfiguring to an

153

00:06:14,150 --> 00:06:12,080

alternate to robotic workstation to get

154

00:06:15,510 --> 00:06:14,160

it back alive pretty quickly but steve

155

00:06:17,749 --> 00:06:15,520

was stuck there for probably i don't

156

00:06:18,710 --> 00:06:17,759

know 30 35 minutes uh holding this pump

157

00:06:21,350 --> 00:06:18,720

module

158

00:06:23,510 --> 00:06:21,360

loose and so it gave us an opportunity

159

00:06:25,510 --> 00:06:23,520

to uh to joke with him and kind of make

160

00:06:28,309 --> 00:06:25,520

fun of him while he was out there stuck

161

00:06:30,550 --> 00:06:28,319

with nowhere to go

162

00:06:32,230 --> 00:06:30,560

hi uh denise ciao at space.com with a

163

00:06:33,510 --> 00:06:32,240

question for either steve lindsey or

164

00:06:35,270 --> 00:06:33,520

eric beau

165

00:06:36,950 --> 00:06:35,280

when discovery does its fly around after

166

00:06:38,390 --> 00:06:36,960

undocking i was wondering if either or

167

00:06:40,629 --> 00:06:38,400

both of you could speak to the

168

00:06:42,469 --> 00:06:40,639

significance of performing that maneuver

169

00:06:44,070 --> 00:06:42,479

with discovery for the final time and in

170

00:06:45,909 --> 00:06:44,080

doing so seeing the space station

171

00:06:47,590 --> 00:06:45,919

completed with a vehicle that's been so

172

00:06:51,909 --> 00:06:47,600

instrumental in its construction thank

173

00:06:56,150 --> 00:06:53,749

well we've been talking about the

174

00:06:57,909 --> 00:06:56,160

the long history of the space shuttle

175

00:06:59,589 --> 00:06:57,919

and it's a privilege to get the

176

00:07:01,430 --> 00:06:59,599

opportunity to undock and do the fly

177

00:07:04,150 --> 00:07:01,440

around the space station you know

178

00:07:06,230 --> 00:07:04,160

the international space station has

179

00:07:07,749 --> 00:07:06,240

every partner represented with the

180

00:07:09,749 --> 00:07:07,759

different modules on board right now we

181

00:07:11,189 --> 00:07:09,759

have atv which is from the european

182

00:07:16,150 --> 00:07:11,199

space agency

183

00:07:18,309 --> 00:07:16,160

and the htv from the japanese jaxa

184

00:07:19,990 --> 00:07:18,319

and also after we finish the fly around

185

00:07:21,749 --> 00:07:20,000

it what's amazing is how big this

186

00:07:23,830 --> 00:07:21,759

structure is right now we're docked with

187

00:07:25,350 --> 00:07:23,840

more than a million pounds and so to

188

00:07:26,469 --> 00:07:25,360

actually fly around the vehicle take

189

00:07:29,510 --> 00:07:26,479

pictures

190

00:07:31,589 --> 00:07:29,520

and marvel at that every the majority of

191

00:07:33,830 --> 00:07:31,599

the us segment was brought up piece by

192

00:07:37,830 --> 00:07:33,840

piece by the space shuttle will be truly

193

00:07:42,390 --> 00:07:40,469

hi uh eric berger with houston chronicle

194

00:07:44,230 --> 00:07:42,400

congratulations on a successful mission

195

00:07:46,309 --> 00:07:44,240

a question maybe maybe for nicole or

196

00:07:47,670 --> 00:07:46,319

someone else who wants to tackle it but

197

00:07:49,749 --> 00:07:47,680

i don't think people on the ground can

198

00:07:51,589 --> 00:07:49,759

sort of fully appreciate what the living

199

00:07:53,510 --> 00:07:51,599

space is like in the space station so

200

00:07:54,790 --> 00:07:53,520

now that it's complete maybe you could

201
00:07:56,469 --> 00:07:54,800
talk a little bit

202
00:07:57,909 --> 00:07:56,479
in terms that people can understand how

203
00:08:01,189 --> 00:07:57,919
large it is and how much space you have

204
00:08:05,749 --> 00:08:02,070
and

205
00:08:07,990 --> 00:08:05,759
points this out is that

206
00:08:11,510 --> 00:08:08,000
this space station here now is the

207
00:08:14,070 --> 00:08:11,520
largest pressurized volume in space in

208
00:08:15,909 --> 00:08:14,080
history it's it's huge i mean i i use a

209
00:08:17,749 --> 00:08:15,919
word my son uses all the time which is

210
00:08:19,909 --> 00:08:17,759
ginormous um

211
00:08:22,390 --> 00:08:19,919
we have 12 people up here now and

212
00:08:24,790 --> 00:08:22,400
honestly if we spread ourselves out you

213
00:08:26,869 --> 00:08:24,800

could spread across this vehicle and you

214

00:08:29,430 --> 00:08:26,879

know not see another person it's it's

215

00:08:30,309 --> 00:08:29,440

that big i think volume wise equivalent

216

00:08:32,870 --> 00:08:30,319

to

217

00:08:34,389 --> 00:08:32,880

the interior of a 747 or a little bit

218

00:08:37,110 --> 00:08:34,399

bigger and

219

00:08:38,310 --> 00:08:37,120

um it's just really really impressive to

220

00:08:41,509 --> 00:08:38,320

know that

221

00:08:43,509 --> 00:08:41,519

as a volume and a total volume workspace

222

00:08:45,269 --> 00:08:43,519

we can use every single one of the walls

223

00:08:46,550 --> 00:08:45,279

and every single one of these modules in

224

00:08:48,389 --> 00:08:46,560

a way that

225

00:08:50,150 --> 00:08:48,399

we just can't do on the ground and so it

226
00:08:50,870 --> 00:08:50,160
makes for a really wonderful resource

227
00:08:53,030 --> 00:08:50,880
for

228
00:08:54,470 --> 00:08:53,040
science and living and

229
00:08:57,590 --> 00:08:54,480
and just being up here floating around

230
00:09:01,269 --> 00:08:59,430
it's chris baltimore the houston bureau

231
00:09:04,710 --> 00:09:01,279
chief for reuters news agency and i have

232
00:09:08,389 --> 00:09:04,720
a question about garbage literally um

233
00:09:15,910 --> 00:09:08,399
how much trash does the iss generate

234
00:09:20,790 --> 00:09:18,310
we we do recycle certain things we

235
00:09:23,509 --> 00:09:20,800
recycle our water and

236
00:09:26,710 --> 00:09:23,519
turn it into our urine and turn it into

237
00:09:28,790 --> 00:09:26,720
water and that's very helpful because uh

238
00:09:31,590 --> 00:09:28,800

you know disposing of that is

239

00:09:33,269 --> 00:09:31,600

and disposing of any trash is quite a

240

00:09:35,269 --> 00:09:33,279

challenge

241

00:09:37,590 --> 00:09:35,279

right now believe it or not we don't

242

00:09:39,350 --> 00:09:37,600

have a whole lot of what's called common

243

00:09:41,670 --> 00:09:39,360

trash on board which is basically the

244

00:09:43,190 --> 00:09:41,680

garbage we generate from our food

245

00:09:43,990 --> 00:09:43,200

and our clothing

246

00:09:49,030 --> 00:09:44,000

and

247

00:09:51,269 --> 00:09:49,040

two progress vehicles uh depart

248

00:09:52,949 --> 00:09:51,279

and uh you know our cosmonaut colleagues

249

00:09:54,310 --> 00:09:52,959

were very efficient in getting them

250

00:09:56,870 --> 00:09:54,320

loaded with uh

251
00:10:01,030 --> 00:09:56,880
we had probably about 11 or 12 very

252
00:10:02,949 --> 00:10:01,040
large garbage bags like uh you know

253
00:10:04,870 --> 00:10:02,959
outdoor kind of garbage bag filled with

254
00:10:08,069 --> 00:10:04,880
trash and we were able to

255
00:10:10,069 --> 00:10:08,079
uh get rid of those and

256
00:10:12,550 --> 00:10:10,079
generally though the trash stays in a

257
00:10:14,550 --> 00:10:12,560
certain area of the node as well as

258
00:10:16,550 --> 00:10:14,560
there's a certain area in the russian

259
00:10:18,470 --> 00:10:16,560
segment where some trash stays and it

260
00:10:20,150 --> 00:10:18,480
stays there until we can dispose of it

261
00:10:22,069 --> 00:10:20,160
and we can dispose of it

262
00:10:24,069 --> 00:10:22,079
probably on average every uh you know

263
00:10:27,110 --> 00:10:24,079

two to three months when we have a

264

00:10:28,790 --> 00:10:27,120

vehicle that that departs and

265

00:10:31,269 --> 00:10:28,800

generally burns up in the in the

266

00:10:32,949 --> 00:10:31,279

atmosphere

267

00:10:34,949 --> 00:10:32,959

uh hello this is marcia dunna the

268

00:10:36,310 --> 00:10:34,959

associated press with a question for

269

00:10:38,630 --> 00:10:36,320

katie coleman

270

00:10:40,470 --> 00:10:38,640

there's great interest in r2 all the way

271

00:10:42,310 --> 00:10:40,480

up to the president of the united states

272

00:10:44,470 --> 00:10:42,320

and i'm wondering will the robots

273

00:10:46,870 --> 00:10:44,480

unveiling be moved up considering all

274

00:10:52,310 --> 00:10:46,880

the interest and how excited are you to

275

00:10:55,910 --> 00:10:54,630

well i think we've all been voting to

276

00:10:58,230 --> 00:10:55,920

move up the

277

00:10:59,590 --> 00:10:58,240

move up getting him out of his box in

278

00:11:02,230 --> 00:10:59,600

fact we're all pretty sure that we hear

279

00:11:04,069 --> 00:11:02,240

scratching from the inside there um

280

00:11:05,190 --> 00:11:04,079

there's a very elaborate choreography of

281

00:11:07,670 --> 00:11:05,200

all the things that have to come out of

282

00:11:09,190 --> 00:11:07,680

the pmm and get stowed different places

283

00:11:11,110 --> 00:11:09,200

and uh folks on the ground are working

284

00:11:12,790 --> 00:11:11,120

real hard at that and we'll see if we

285

00:11:14,949 --> 00:11:12,800

end up being able to bring robonaut

286

00:11:16,949 --> 00:11:14,959

robonaut out before discovery leaves i'm

287

00:11:18,790 --> 00:11:16,959

really not sure i am looking forward to

288

00:11:21,190 --> 00:11:18,800

working with him you know as we bring

289

00:11:23,190 --> 00:11:21,200

robots up into space one of the reasons

290

00:11:24,710 --> 00:11:23,200

to do that is just to understand a how

291

00:11:26,230 --> 00:11:24,720

to work with them and b just the

292

00:11:28,470 --> 00:11:26,240

mechanics of how they work and how

293

00:11:30,389 --> 00:11:28,480

that's affected by zero g we want to

294

00:11:32,630 --> 00:11:30,399

learn those lessons here on the inside

295

00:11:34,230 --> 00:11:32,640

of the space station before we send them

296

00:11:36,630 --> 00:11:34,240

out to the outside of the space station

297

00:11:38,949 --> 00:11:36,640

or to other planets which we need to be

298

00:11:40,630 --> 00:11:38,959

able to do in in terms of exploring both

299

00:11:42,310 --> 00:11:40,640

as you know a human presence and a

300

00:11:44,150 --> 00:11:42,320

robotics presence it'll take both of

301
00:11:46,230 --> 00:11:44,160
those to get us further out into the

302
00:11:49,509 --> 00:11:46,240
universe and robonaut is a good first

303
00:11:53,990 --> 00:11:51,670
thank you and for steve bowen it's been

304
00:11:56,069 --> 00:11:54,000
a real whirlwind for you the past month

305
00:11:57,829 --> 00:11:56,079
i'm wondering um are you pinching

306
00:12:00,230 --> 00:11:57,839
yourself that you're even in space on

307
00:12:02,230 --> 00:12:00,240
this mission and have had a chance to go

308
00:12:03,829 --> 00:12:02,240
space walking and how are you going to

309
00:12:08,949 --> 00:12:03,839
make it up to tim crow pro when you get

310
00:12:13,350 --> 00:12:11,110
i am pinching myself and there's no

311
00:12:14,790 --> 00:12:13,360
possible way i can make it up to tim but

312
00:12:15,910 --> 00:12:14,800
you know tim did an incredible job

313
00:12:18,389 --> 00:12:15,920

putting this together it's the only

314

00:12:21,350 --> 00:12:18,399

reason we were so successful outside uh

315

00:12:23,190 --> 00:12:21,360

he really did a fantastic job uh so if

316

00:12:27,269 --> 00:12:23,200

there's anything i can do for him i'm

317

00:12:29,350 --> 00:12:27,279

willing to to discuss it

318

00:12:31,190 --> 00:12:29,360

hi this is emily baldwin from astronomy

319

00:12:32,790 --> 00:12:31,200

now magazine in the uk

320

00:12:34,629 --> 00:12:32,800

and it's always really amazing seeing

321

00:12:35,990 --> 00:12:34,639

views of the earth from space and i'd

322

00:12:37,750 --> 00:12:36,000

certainly be interested to hear your

323

00:12:39,590 --> 00:12:37,760

comments on any earth observation you've

324

00:12:41,430 --> 00:12:39,600

done this mission but what i'd really

325

00:12:45,750 --> 00:12:41,440

like to know is do you do any nighttime

326

00:12:47,670 --> 00:12:45,760

astronomical observations and if so what

327

00:12:49,670 --> 00:12:47,680

well hello to the uk and

328

00:12:52,230 --> 00:12:49,680

let me get the first part of that the

329

00:12:53,990 --> 00:12:52,240

earth views are just stunning it's very

330

00:12:56,310 --> 00:12:54,000

very difficult to explain them to people

331

00:12:57,750 --> 00:12:56,320

even pictures don't do it justice

332

00:12:59,350 --> 00:12:57,760

and your senses can be really

333

00:13:02,150 --> 00:12:59,360

overwhelmed by how beautiful the earth

334

00:13:04,470 --> 00:13:02,160

is i want to mention to the uk that we

335

00:13:06,710 --> 00:13:04,480

actually have a medallion up here struck

336

00:13:08,470 --> 00:13:06,720

in honor of james cook this was

337

00:13:09,350 --> 00:13:08,480

commissioned about five years after his

338

00:13:11,430 --> 00:13:09,360

death

339

00:13:13,910 --> 00:13:11,440

and we're very very happy to have that

340

00:13:16,550 --> 00:13:13,920

and to honor the rich maritime legacy of

341

00:13:19,190 --> 00:13:16,560

world discovery that the uk has

342

00:13:20,870 --> 00:13:19,200

as far as astronomical observations one

343

00:13:22,710 --> 00:13:20,880

of the problems is that we're moving

344

00:13:24,790 --> 00:13:22,720

around the earth at seventeen thousand

345

00:13:26,389 --> 00:13:24,800

five hundred miles an hour it'd be uh

346

00:13:29,030 --> 00:13:26,399

kind of difficult to train on to

347

00:13:31,509 --> 00:13:29,040

something unless we were really uh more

348

00:13:32,949 --> 00:13:31,519

mechanically equipped to do that we keep

349

00:13:35,030 --> 00:13:32,959

our space station

350

00:13:37,030 --> 00:13:35,040

oriented so that we're looking belly to

351
00:13:38,949 --> 00:13:37,040
the ground most of the time and that's

352
00:13:40,710 --> 00:13:38,959
comfortable to us for a lot of reasons

353
00:13:43,350 --> 00:13:40,720
and we get really good ground views that

354
00:13:44,870 --> 00:13:43,360
way now having said that we have some

355
00:13:47,750 --> 00:13:44,880
very good cameras on board and we're

356
00:13:49,430 --> 00:13:47,760
able to take some astrophotographs

357
00:13:51,509 --> 00:13:49,440
that don't require much

358
00:13:54,230 --> 00:13:51,519
much in the way of exposures but most of

359
00:13:56,550 --> 00:13:54,240
these are milky way shots and aurora

360
00:13:57,990 --> 00:13:56,560
shots and they're quite spectacular but

361
00:14:00,949 --> 00:13:58,000
nothing compared to what the hubble can

362
00:14:05,990 --> 00:14:04,069
thank you um and my second question um

363
00:14:08,949 --> 00:14:06,000

apollo inspired the children of the 60s

364

00:14:11,430 --> 00:14:08,959

and the 70s um the shuttle the the 80s

365

00:14:13,269 --> 00:14:11,440

and 90s in the early 21st century with

366

00:14:15,750 --> 00:14:13,279

the shuttle program retiring how do you

367

00:14:18,870 --> 00:14:15,760

think we'll be able to inspire

368

00:14:24,230 --> 00:14:21,750

well you know i think the space program

369

00:14:25,750 --> 00:14:24,240

in general is is inspiring and i think

370

00:14:27,590 --> 00:14:25,760

you know our

371

00:14:29,430 --> 00:14:27,600

country and certain countries around the

372

00:14:30,949 --> 00:14:29,440

world have a strong history of

373

00:14:34,629 --> 00:14:30,959

exploration and

374

00:14:35,990 --> 00:14:34,639

even when the shuttle retires we're

375

00:14:38,389 --> 00:14:36,000

going to continue that we're still going

376

00:14:40,230 --> 00:14:38,399

to have a a space station it's still

377

00:14:42,230 --> 00:14:40,240

going to be uh

378

00:14:44,550 --> 00:14:42,240

supported by astronauts and cosmonauts

379

00:14:45,829 --> 00:14:44,560

from around the world and i think

380

00:14:47,590 --> 00:14:45,839

you know we're going to have a program

381

00:14:49,990 --> 00:14:47,600

beyond this we're not sure exactly what

382

00:14:51,670 --> 00:14:50,000

it is right now but you know someday

383

00:14:55,189 --> 00:14:51,680

humans are going to venture again beyond

384

00:14:57,350 --> 00:14:55,199

lower earth orbit back to the moon and

385

00:14:59,990 --> 00:14:57,360

mars and other destinations in our solar

386

00:15:01,910 --> 00:15:00,000

system and it's uh

387

00:15:03,590 --> 00:15:01,920

you know something i think can inspire

388

00:15:05,829 --> 00:15:03,600

kids and it's something that we all can

389

00:15:07,829 --> 00:15:05,839

be uh proud of

390

00:15:09,350 --> 00:15:07,839

from isa thank you to commanders kelly

391

00:15:11,910 --> 00:15:09,360

and lin for having us participate in

392

00:15:14,230 --> 00:15:11,920

this event first question for commander

393

00:15:16,790 --> 00:15:14,240

kelly how it is on station while having

394

00:15:21,350 --> 00:15:16,800

vehicles and components from all program

395

00:15:25,430 --> 00:15:23,269

well i think it's one of the uh the

396

00:15:27,990 --> 00:15:25,440

great things about this program that's

397

00:15:30,790 --> 00:15:28,000

it's an international program it shows

398

00:15:32,949 --> 00:15:30,800

how countries that uh cooperate can do

399

00:15:34,629 --> 00:15:32,959

great things and building a space

400

00:15:36,710 --> 00:15:34,639

station such as the international space

401
00:15:38,389 --> 00:15:36,720
station is probably one of the most

402
00:15:40,870 --> 00:15:38,399
you know significant engineering

403
00:15:42,949 --> 00:15:40,880
achievements that people have achieved

404
00:15:44,870 --> 00:15:42,959
and and we've done that

405
00:15:46,550 --> 00:15:44,880
with this international partnership that

406
00:15:52,230 --> 00:15:46,560
i think is really one of the the

407
00:15:57,670 --> 00:15:53,670
and from the news agency enrique

408
00:16:03,430 --> 00:16:00,310
and paolo today you are now grading the

409
00:16:05,189 --> 00:16:03,440
leonardo module an italian room on the

410
00:16:06,870 --> 00:16:05,199
international space station so what are

411
00:16:07,749 --> 00:16:06,880
the first operations that are going to

412
00:16:09,670 --> 00:16:07,759
happen

413
00:16:13,110 --> 00:16:09,680

on its interior

414

00:16:17,990 --> 00:16:15,910

we're working very hard inside the

415

00:16:20,790 --> 00:16:18,000

leonardo

416

00:16:23,910 --> 00:16:20,800

module because it came in a flight

417

00:16:26,310 --> 00:16:23,920

configuration so everything is fastened

418

00:16:28,629 --> 00:16:26,320

uh in a way to secure it

419

00:16:29,910 --> 00:16:28,639

for launch so we're removing

420

00:16:33,430 --> 00:16:29,920

all the

421

00:16:36,230 --> 00:16:34,310

and

422

00:16:39,030 --> 00:16:36,240

so that we can store it in the japanese

423

00:16:39,749 --> 00:16:39,040

module that's going to be leaving soon

424

00:16:41,590 --> 00:16:39,759

so

425

00:16:43,829 --> 00:16:41,600

we're using all the astronauts including

